From: <u>Eilish Palmer</u>

To: comments@whiteriverwaterkeeper.org; WaterbodyComments; eilishpalmer@yahoo.com

Subject: Eilish Palmer Comments re: Draft 2018 303(d) List

Date: Sunday, September 9, 2018 7:52:07 PM

Attachments: Public Comments on Arkansas"s Draft 2018 303(d) List of Impaired Waterbodies 2018 303d Comments.pdf

Below are comments submitted by Eilish Palmer through White River Waterkeeper's public comment form. Please confirm receipt of this submission.

Email address	eilishpalmer@yahoo.com
Full Name	Eilish Palmer
Mailing Address	137 Roden Mill, Conway, AR, 72032
Your connection to Arkansas waters	We bought land in Snowball and planned to build a house we could rent out to vacationers to help pay off the land/house before we eventually retire and move there permanently.
Has nuisance algae affected your recreation experiences?	Yes
How are you affected by Arkansas Water Quality	I am an Arkansas resident. I have a business or property in Arkansas. I own property near a river, stream, lake, or spring. I recreate on or near a river, lake, or stream. My income is impacted by Arkansas water quality (e.g. fishing guide, outfitter, rental owner, or tied to other tourist related industries).
Nuisance Algae	
Provide specific information about the waterbody or waterbodies where nuisance algae have been observed.	I'm September 1st 2018 we went to Margaret White swimming hole on the Buffalo River. It's located near Snowball at the end of Margaret White Road in Searcy County. The algae was so bad we couldn't wade through it without being covered in slimy algae. Swimming was not an option.
In the examples you described above, would you consider observed algal densities to be "objectionable?"	Yes, all were objectionable in my opinion.

Habitat Degradation		
Have declines to physical habitat impacted your recreation experiences?	No	
Categorical Determinations		
Do you believe in state-led local approaches?	Yes	
Do you think it is important to ensure federal regulations are met when proposing a plan to restore significant state and federal natural resources, such as the Buffalo National River?	Yes	
Do you believe it is important for any plan to include both point and nonpoint sources of pollution?	Yes	
At this time, do you believe ADEQ should follow the Clean Water Act and federal regulations to prioritize impaired waterbodies for a TMDL until they have provided adequate recommended documentation (2016 IRG) and met all legal requirements (40 CFR 130.7)?	Yes	
Federal Requirements		
Do you believe ADEQ should consider peer-reviewed literature,		

tax-payer funded research, expert reports, and agency recommendations to identify and report water quality impairments?

Yes

35% of variable 106 Grant Funding received by the state each year is dependent on impairment listings. When assessment methodologies are lacking or absent, how should the state proceed with assessment decisions?

Even though I understand I would have the opportunity to review justifications and provide public comments on any 303(d) listings utilizing best professional judgement and a weight-of-evidence approach, I do not support ADEQ making any case-by-case decisions when methodologies were not predetermined.

How strongly do you feel that designated Outstanding National Resource Waters (e.g., Buffalo, Strawberry, Spring, Eleven Point, and Mulberry Rivers) should be allowed to violate water quality standards LESS frequently than channelized streams (aka ditches)?

Very strongly. We have a limited number of waters with ONRW designations in the state. As "The Natural State" we should hold our most protected waters to a higher level of expectation.

When numeric criteria do not exist, and narrative descriptions of water quality standards are in place, how do you think the state should proceed with assessments?

Consider all relevant data and information and take a weight-of-evidence approach to developing a determination. The state must provide a rationale and supporting documentation with assessment decisions. As long as the state is forthcoming and transparent, I believe best professional judgement, supported with scientific evidence, has an appropriate place in this regulatory process.

States are required to develop their lists based on EPA approved Water Quality Standards.

Although states may anticipate changes, states are not allowed to incorporate revised criteria until EPA has approved them for Clean Water Act purposes (e.g., development of list of impaired waters). Do you think this federal requirement is important to follow? Yes. The EPA approval process ensures water quastandards are backed by defensible science. This essential for protecting and restoring water qualitative.	is
Do you believe pictures should be considered for determining if water quality criteria are being met, such as determining whether algae have reached "objectionable" densities?	
Do you think waterbodies should be listed as impaired when scientifically defensible research confirms population declines to federally threatened and endangered species? Yes. Of course. Properly identifying waters is important to the recovery of imperiled species.	
Additional Comments	
Will you be submitting pictures to ADEQ in a seperate Yes email or have you already?	
Do you wish to grant White River Waterkeeper permission to post	
your comments on our website?	

should post
comments on their
website as they come
in, and as is standard
protocol for other
administrative
procedures carried
out by the
Department?
•

Yes. This is important to public transparency, allows commenters to ensure their comments were received, and serves as a valuable resource to the public and press.

Do you have any scientific reports or studies that you wish to submit to ADEQ to supplement your comment record?

No

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